Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 1 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: Product name 642-585-586-85 ZIG ZAG VESPAIO

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Insecticide

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name	DEISA-E	BANO S.P.A.		
Full address	Via E.Col	lamarini, 27		
District and Country	40138	BOLOGNA	(BO)	
		ITALY		
	Tel.	051 530351		
	Fax	051 533113		
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	pnannini	@ebano.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone number				
For urgent inquiries refer to	CENTRO	ANTIVELENI DI MILANO :	02 66101029 - DI PAVIA :0382 24	444 - DI ROMA

(GEMELLI) :06 3054343- DI NAPOLI :081 7472870 - .: Medicines & Poisons Info

Office - Mater Dei Hospital, Msida MSD 2090, Malta - Tel.: 2545 6508;

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H229 H315 H336 H400

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>

CTION 2. Hazarus lue		
H222 H229 H315 H336 H410 EUH208	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contains: PERMETHRIN May produce an allergic reaction.	
Precautionary statements:		
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.	
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / if you feel unwell.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.	
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.	
P501	Dispose of contents / container to	
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water /	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
Contains:	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL PROPAN-2-OL	
	Hidrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes,<5% n-hexane	

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

ETHYL ACETATE

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:			
Identification		Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
PROPAN-2-O	L		
INDEX	603-117-00-0	32,56	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	200-661-7		
CAS	67-63-0		
REACH Reg.	01-2119457558-2	25	
Hidrocarbons	s, C6, isoalkanes,<	<5% n-hexane	
INDEX		29,668	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC	931-254-9		
CAS			
REACH Reg.	01-2119484651-3	34-xxx	
1-METHOXY-	2-PROPANOL		
INDEX	603-064-00-3	27,52	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	203-539-1		
CAS	107-98-2		
REACH Reg.	01-2119457435-3	35	
protossido di	azoto		
INDEX		4,84	Ox. Gas 1 H270, Press. Gas H280
EC	233-032-0		
CAS	10024-97-2		
REACH Reg.	01-2119970538-2	25	

EN

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022

Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 2 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021)

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 3 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

ETHYL ACET	ATE		
INDEX	607-022-00-5	3,296	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	205-500-4		
CAS	141-78-6		
REACH Reg.	01-2119475103-4	46-xxx	
piperonile bu	tossido		
INDEX		1,21	Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	200-076-7		
CAS	51-03-6		
REACH Reg.	01-2119537431-4	46-0000	
PERMETHRIN	1		
INDEX	613-058-00-2	0,604	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1000, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1000
EC	258-067-9		STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l
CAS	52645-53-1		
REACH Reg.	613-058-00-2		
tetrametrina			
INDEX		0,302	Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT SE 2 H371, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	231-711-6		STA Oral: 500 mg/kg
CAS	7696-12-0		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants. Percentage of propellants: 0,00 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 4 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

				T-IVIETHOAT	1-2-PROP/	ANOL
Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN
MV	SVN	375	100	568	150	SKIN
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100	

				PRO	PAN-2-OL		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLEP	FRA			980	400		
MV	SVN	500	200	1000	400		
WEL	GBR	999	400	1250	500		
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400		

				ETHYL	ACETATE		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400		
VLEP	ITA	734	200	1468	400		
MV	SVN	734	200	1468	400		
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400		
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400		
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400				
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties
Appearance
Colour

Value aerosol colourless Information

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 5 / 13

Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021)

@EPY 11.4.1 - SDS 1004.14

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties/>>

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)

93,04 % - 751,44 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials.Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum.May react violently with: fluorine,strong oxidising agents,chlorosulphuric acid,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light,sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Incompatible with: oxidising substances,strong acids,alkaline metals. Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 6 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 7 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

FTHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,aluminium,nitrates,chlorosulphuric acid.Incompatible materials: plastic materials. 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product. Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eve irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL
LD50 (Dermal):
LD50 (Oral):
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

PROPAN-2-OL LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

piperonile butossido LD50 (Dermal): I D50 (Oral). LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

tetrametrina LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)

13000 mg/kg Rabbit 5300 mg/kg Rat 54,6 mg/l/4h Rat

12800 mg/kg Rat 4710 mg/kg Rat 72,6 mg/l/4h Rat

> 7950 mg/kg > 7500 mg/kg > 5,9 mg/l

> 2000 mg/kg > 2000 mg/kg

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 8 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

May produce an allergic reaction. Contains: PERMETHRIN

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Excluded because the aerosol does not allow the accumulation of a significant amount of product in the mouth

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

PROPAN-2-OL	
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h pesce
PERMETHRIN	
LC50 - for Fish	0,001 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus clarkii stomias
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,0003 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1,6 mg/l/72h Anabaena inaequalis
tetrametrina	
LC50 - for Fish	0,0037 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,11 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,94 mg/l/72h
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL	
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	
PROPAN-2-OI	
Rapidly degradable	
ETHYL ACETATE	
Solubility in water	> 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	····· v

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 9/ 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

tetrametrina NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	< 1
PROPAN-2-OL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,05
ETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	0,68 30

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	AEROSOLS
IMDG:	AEROSOLS
IATA:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 10 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

44.2 There are benefit along (as)

1	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
	ADR / RID:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1	
	IMDG:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1	<
	IATA:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1	<

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG:

Marine Pollutant

NO



IATA:

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler:	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
	Special provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 75 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Special provision:	A145, A167, A802	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

P3b-E1

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

ProductPoint40Contained substancePoint75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

<u>Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)</u> On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

<u>Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:</u> None

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 11 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021) ΕN

SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Aerosol 1 Aerosol 3 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Ox. Gas 1 Press. Gas Carc. 2 Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT SE 3 STOT SE 2 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 H222 H229 H225 H226 H270 H280 H351 H302 H332 H304 H319 H315 H317 H336 H371 H400 H410	Aerosol, category 1 Aerosol, category 3 Flammable liquid, category 2 Flammable liquid, category 3 Oxidising gas, category 1 Pressurised gas Carcinogenicity, category 2 Acute toxicity, category 4 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin sensitization, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Suspected of causing cancer. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number

- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 12 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021)

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Revision nr.5 Dated 06/12/2022 Printed on 13/10/2023 Page n. 13 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 23/11/2021)

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 14 / 15.